



School Objectives:

- Clear writing progression with agreed writing plan formats used throughout (*HA pupils in Y6 & SEN pupils may need plans adapted*).
- Children will have opportunities to write independently on a regular basis (minimum 4/5 pieces per half term)
- There will be 5 pieces of recorded work in English for most weeks.
- Learners will be encouraged to read regularly and will be given opportunities to discuss and develop their comprehension in structured reading lessons.
- In KS1 independent writing will be recorded in writing books with at least 4/5 pieces per half term.
- Writing, reading and grammar will be taught in separate lessons with a specific focus
- The development of sentence structure, grammar and punctuation will be prioritised.
- Learners will be encouraged to read regularly and will be given opportunities to discuss and develop their comprehension in structured reading lessons.

Key Concepts	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Spoken Language							
Speaking & Listening	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions; ▫ Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding; ▫ Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. ▫ Participate in small group, class and 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ▫ ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge ▫ use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary <p>▫ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▫ participate in discussions, <p>▫ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ▫ ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge ▫ use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary ▫ articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions ▫ give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings ▫ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▫ participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates ▫ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ▫ ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge ▫ use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary ▫ articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions ▫ give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings ▫ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ▫ use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas ▫ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▫ participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates ▫ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ▫ ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge ▫ use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary ▫ articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions ▫ give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings ▫ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ▫ use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas ▫ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▫ participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates ▫ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ▫ ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge ▫ use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary ▫ articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions ▫ give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings ▫ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ▫ use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas ▫ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▫ participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates ▫ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ▫ ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge ▫ use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary ▫ articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions ▫ give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings ▫ maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ▫ use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas ▫ speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English ▫ participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates ▫ gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)

	<p>one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary; - Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate; -</p> <p>Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.</p>		<p>select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.</p>	<p>consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others</p> <p>select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.</p>
--	---	--	--	--

Reading

<p>Decoding & Language Development</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent</p> <p>respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>consolidate phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words so that automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet.</p>
---	---	---	--	--	--	--

	<p>▫ Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending;</p>	<p>letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes</p> <p>▫ read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far,</p> <p>▫ read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the graphemes taught</p> <p>▫ read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word</p> <p>▫ read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)</p>	<p>▫ read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes</p> <p>▫ read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the graphemes taught</p> <p>▫ read words containing common suffixes including -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings</p> <p>▫ read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word</p>	<p>▫ read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.</p>	<p>▫ read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.</p>	
--	---	---	--	--	--	--

	<p>▫ Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.</p>	<p>▫ read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered ▫ read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation ▫ re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading. Pupils should be taught to: develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: ▫ listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently</p>	<p>▫ read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered ▫ read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation ▫ re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading. Pupils should be taught to: develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: ▫ listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to: develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: ▫ listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks ▫ reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to: develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: ▫ listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks ▫ reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to: maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: ▫ continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks ▫ reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</p>
--	--	---	---	--	--	--

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ discussing their favourite words and phrases 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ discussing their favourite words and phrases 	<p>understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination ▫ recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry] 	<p>understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination ▫ recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry] 	<p>through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience</p>
Comprehension	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher ▫ checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading ▫ making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done ▫ retrieves basic information from age 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <p>understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher ▫ checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading ▫ making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done ▫ retrieves basic information from age 	<p>Pupils should be taught to understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context ▫ drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence ▫ retrieve and record information from fiction and non-fiction 	<p>Pupils should be taught to understand what they read by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context ▫ drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence ▫ retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction 	

	<p>▫ Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories; -</p> <p>▫ Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.</p>	<p>appropriate fiction and non-fiction texts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ answering and asking questions ▫ discussing the significance of the title and events ▫ predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far ▫ participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say; ▫ explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves. 	<p>appropriate fiction and non-fiction texts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ answering and asking questions ▫ predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far ▫ participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say; makes links between books ▫ explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ asking questions to improve their understanding of a text ▫ predicting what might happen from details stated and implied ▫ identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these ▫ identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning ▫ participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say. ▫ explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to a retrieve and record information from non-fiction and those that they read for themselves. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ asking questions to improve their understanding ▫ predicting what might happen from details stated and implied ▫ summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas ▫ identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning ▫ discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader ▫ distinguish between statements of fact and opinion ▫ participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously ▫ explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary ▫ provide reasoned justifications for their views.
--	---	---	--	--	---

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) □ writing about real events □ writing poetry □ writing for different purposes consider what they are going to write before beginning by: □ planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about □ writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary 	<p>elaborate on basic information/</p> <p>draft and write by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2) <p>□ in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example,</p>	<p>materials developed in detail (e.g. descriptions elaborated by adverbial and expanded noun phrases)</p> <p>draft and write by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2) <p>□ in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example,</p>	<p>characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed</p> <p>draft and write by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning <p>□ in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ précising longer passages □ using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs □ using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, 	<p>characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed</p> <p>draft and write by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning □ integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action <p>□ in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ précising longer passages □ using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs □ using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example,
--	--	--	--	---	---	---	--

			<p>▫ make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by:</p> <p>▫ proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly]</p>	<p>headings and sub-headings]</p> <p>evaluate and edit by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements ▫ proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences <p>▫ proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</p> <p>▫ read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone</p>	<p>headings and sub-headings]</p> <p>evaluate and edit by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements ▫ proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences <p>▫ proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</p> <p>▫ read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone</p>	<p>headings, bullet points, underlining]</p> <p>evaluate and edit by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing ▫ proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning ▫ ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing ▫ ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register <p>▫ proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</p>	<p>headings, bullet points, underlining]</p> <p>evaluate and edit by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing ▫ proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning ▫ ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing ▫ ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register <p>▫ proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</p>
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

				and volume so that the meaning is clear.	and volume so that the meaning is clear		
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation		<p>Pupils should be taught to: develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ leaving spaces between words ▫ using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I' ▫ learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, <p>learn how to use:</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to: develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) <p>learn how to use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command ▫ expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: ▫ extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although ▫ using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense ▫ choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition 		<p>Pupils should be taught to: develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms ▫ using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence ▫ using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause ▫ using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely ▫ using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility ▫ using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun ▫ learning the grammar for years 5 and 6 in English Appendix 2 <p>indicate grammatical and other features by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing ▫ using hyphens to avoid ambiguity ▫ using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis ▫ using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses ▫ using a colon to introduce a list ▫ punctuating bullet points consistently ▫ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading. 	

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ co-ordination (using or, and) ▫ the grammar for year 1&2 in English Appendix 2 ▫ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. 	<p>example, the blue butterfly]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form ▫ subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but) ▫ the grammar for year 1&2 in English Appendix 2 ▫ some features of written Standard English ▫ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause ▫ using fronted adverbials ▫ learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 indicate grammatical and other features by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ using commas after fronted adverbials ▫ indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns ▫ using and punctuating direct speech ▫ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. 	
Spelling	<p>Pupils should be taught to: spell by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; 	<p>Pupils should be taught to: spell by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly; words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught 	<p>Pupils should be taught to: spell by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly; ▫ learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or 	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to:</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ learning to spell common exception words ▫ the days of the week <p>name the letters of the alphabet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ naming the letters of the alphabet in order ▫ using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound <p>add prefixes and suffixes:</p>	<p>more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ learning to spell common exception words <p>▫ learning to spell more words with contracted forms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] ▫ distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones <p>add prefixes and suffixes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them ▫ spell some words with 'silent' letters [for example, knight, psalm, solemn]
--	--	--	--	---	--

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ add suffixes to spell longer words, including –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly ▫ apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 ▫ write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far. 	<p>and the third person singular marker for verbs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ using the prefix un– ▫ using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 ▫ write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ spell further homophones ▫ spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1) ▫ place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals [for example, girls’, boys’] and in words with irregular plurals [for example, children’s] ▫ use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary ▫ write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused ▫ use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in English Appendix 1 ▫ use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words ▫ use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary ▫ use a thesaurus.
--	--	---	---	---	--